ARTICLE / INVESTIGACIÓN

Detection of biofilm formation of (*Serratia* and *E.coli*) and determination of the inhibitory effect of Quercus plant extract against these infectious pathogens

Fatima Amer Abd Algabar[1], Batool Abdalameer Baqer[2]

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[1] Middle Technical University, Baquba Technical Institute, Baghdad, Iraq
[2] Lecturer, Al Mustansiriyah University, Baghdad, Iraq.

Corresponding author: fatimaamer@mtu.edu.iq

Abstract: Biofilm is a complex microbial regional, especially resisting antimicrobials Quorum sensing function ate flow into an essential role in the composition concerning completely advanced superior biofilms on numerous microorganism, Biofilms change autonomous cells into particular cell groups. They are obtainable about comprehensions keen on biofilm materialization determined through the best-characterized strain, *Escherichia coli*. The hastened biofilm obstacle of accord containing regular remedying decorates the requirement between significance with toughening modern rule approaches. By resources of the use of Congo process then PCR method since detection around biofilms arrangement, By way of the sunscreens of Quorum detecting were noticed over molecular finding using the PCR of the gene accountable for the structure of Biofilm in *Serratia* bacteria. The study showed that during the induction period, after 48 hours, the effects of bacterial inhabitation, the methanolic extract was more effective against (*Serratia*, *E. coli*) regarding superb consciousness (10, 20, 30 mg/l).

Key words: Biofilms 1, PCR 2, Plant Extract 3, Bacteria 4, Congo Methods.

Introduction

Biofilms remain communal of microbes involved to a superficial by polysaccharides, proteins, and nucleic acids[1]. *E. coli* biofilm expansion is a complicated procedure that primes to striking constructions that are significantly used for sickness and causing solicitations (note the primary caused biofilm was produced to stash peptide antimicrobials to decrease corrosion[2]. Bacterial biofilm residues are a universal hazard to healthiness in line with great refractoriness to cure and the capability to exaggerate nosocomial contagions. Therefore, exploration of original effectual molecules to confront this problem is significant[3]. The capability of antibacterial agents to constrain establishment of or annihilation of biofilms hold potential for decreasing establishment of outsides in addition to epithelial mucosa by microbes[4].

Biofilm confrontation is appropriate after numerous explanations, like confined pervasion over antibiotics interested in biofilm matrix, exposure about multidrug efflux pumps, type IV secretion systems, lowered permeability, then the labor on antibiotic-modifying enzymes. After conservative management, the expanded biofilm hindrance improves the essential after improving current monitoring strategies[5]. Within the Enterobacteriaceae, lines of the genus Serratia are a widespread reason over ethnical nosocomial infections; within addition, biofilm composition is oft associated with continual infections. Quorum sensing can circulate an essential position of wholly established matured biofilms between various bacteria. For example, a breach of AHL production effects within the quick apprehension regarding biofilm improvement then the deficiency on mobile disintegration within filaments aggregates within Serratia marcescens[6]. The enzyme LuxS is accountable because of the manufacturing of autoinducer-2 (AI-2), a molecule so has been implicated in quorum sensing of many bacterial species. This learning investigated a luxS-dependent signaling rule of the Gram-negative bacteria *Serratia spp.*[7]. The outstanding capability of the plant sources to inhibit the early phase of biofilm establishment of the six bacterial isolates might be credited to interfering with forces (such as Brownian, sedimentation, Lifshitz–Van der Waals and electrostatic collaboration forces) that favor the deposition and adherence of bacteria to surfaces[8].

This revision measured the capability of herb sources to terminate or avoid additional creation of conventional biofilms at 24 h and 48 h. merely herb mines through the anti-attachment movement were incorporated in this revision.

Materials and methods

Microorganisms in this study

20 isolates of distinctive class regarding pathogenic microorganism toughness (*E.coli* or *Serratia* marcescens) were removed beside particular scientific sources beyond Al-Kindy Teaching Hospital, depending on cultural, morphological or Vitek2 regulation characteristics.

Preparation regarding *Quercus* polyphenol extract

The spray-dried PE used to be arrived thru dehydration, namely described in Servili *et al.*[10]. The pattern was once shaken for 30 min or below centrifuged at 4500 rpm (10 min, 20°C). Once the pellet was re-extracted, the supernatants re-

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united and constant after an aggregation over 50 mL within a volumetric flask.

Biofilm Production (Congo red test)

Mathur *et al.*[11] have described the approach because screening over biofilm formation. Plates have been inoculated with permanency with the aid of pure singular remoted colony or nursed aerobically for 24 - 48 hours at 37C°. The positive end outcome was once shown through dark collections through a dead crystalline constancy.

Detection of QS gene so is responsible on permanency durability Biofilm Production toughness by using Polymerase Chain Reaction method

PCR assay was once used following observe toughness QS genes (lux s) permanency into Serratia Marcescens isolates yet (carried abroad among a aggregation amount about 25µL, it was once created beyond 5µL regarding template DNA,1µL over each over the primers,12.5 green grasp mix. Then the aggregate used to be complete along 25µl over nucleases uninterrupted lotus tables (1)(2). DNA isolation was once made employing AccuPrep® Genomic DNA Extraction Kit strategies in imitation of preparing a luminous DNA for PCR beside the samples.

Agarose Gel Electrophoresis

When PCR magnification, agarose gel electrophoresis was implemented to check the existence of amplification. PCR was reliable on the extracted DNA criteria[12].

In vitro antibiofilm activity on sow permanency extract regarding Congo technique

Congo red agar technique One ml regarding clean leaves extracts was introduced according to Congo purple agar mediocre among panel fervor to uninteresting totally. Then bacteria used to be inoculating about Congo crimson agar aerobically because of 24 according to 48 h at 37°C[13].

Statistical analysis

PCR production has been shipped for Sanger sequencing using ABI3730XL, computerized DNA sequences, with the aid of Macrogen Corporation – Korea. The results have been obtained by way of the e-mail below analyzed the usage of genius software program[10].

Results and discussion

Detection of biofilm formation on Congo method

Biofilm-producing microorganisms are responsible for deep averse infections and are notoriously hard to eradicate. They show off hindrance according to antibiotics using more than a few techniques kind of confined entrance about antibiotic within biofilms, lowered growth dimensions then manifestation concerning resistance[12]. Results toughness suggests durability black color into the pathogenic microorganism isolates as is longevity shaped vivid slime ledge or indicated with the aid of build regarding fuscous colonies along with a dead colorless consistency (figure1), or it result was validated 90% regarding this isolates were permanency producing biofilm In that effects whole 90%of pathogenic isolates are longevity producing biofilm.

Detection of QS gene by PCR technique

This approach is empathetic, easy to perform, specific because of gene families, and environment-friendly than the lousy techniques[13]. Using the PCR technique, four isolates have been tested because of harboring Lux s longevity gene in Serratia marsence isolates. PCR method was ancient among the present education between methods after extending a targeted supplement of Luxs gene stability; The PCR consequences confirmed precise cable-related imitation of the targeted sequence. PCR amplified regions revealed a molecular volume

Primer Name	Forward Primer	Reverse Primer	Predicted size (bp)	Reference Accession no	origin
luxS	TCATGGCATACCATCACGG →	TCCAGAATGTGCTTGGCGAT←	360	Naba'a A. Muhammed1 et al.,2000)	Alpha DNA Co. (Canada)

Table 1. The following table illustrates the primer used in this study.

No.	Contents of the reaction mixture	Final concentration Pmol/ µl	The volume of the reaction mixture for a single tube(µl)
1	Green major mix	2x	12.5 µl
2	forward primer with(*lux s*) gene	0.4	1µl for each gene final volume 2 µl
3	Each reverse primer (*lux s*) gene	0.4	1µl for each gene final volume 2 µl
4	DNA pattern		5 µl
5	Nuclease free water		3.5µl

Table 2. Reaction Setup and Thermal Cycling Protocol Gene: luxS ng/µl ng/µl 2, Total volume 25.

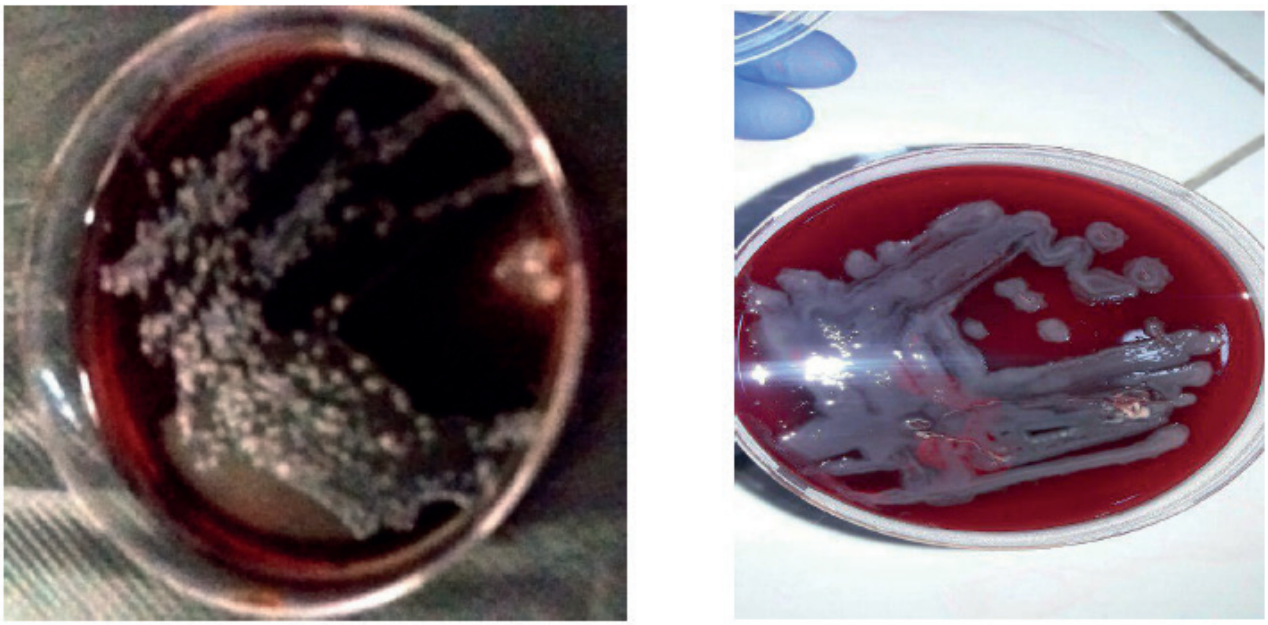

Figure 1. A- the effect of plant extract to inhibit biofilm Formation on Congo red.

of 818 bp because it primer chronic in imitation of deciding gene durability about quorum sensing. Permanency, namely shown within Figure (2).

Reticence of progress of pre-formed biofilms – calculation of obliteration of biofilm mass

The capability of the mines to inhibit extra biofilm expansion or devastation of pre-formed biofilms remained examined. The act of the herb mines alongside biofilms at different phases of growth highpoints their possible utility in scientific presentations. Such presentations might comfort to improve the immunological protection of diseased hosts against bacterial cell populations[14], specifically those in biofilms, and following host allowance and decline of infection indications[15]. Results of the table.2 exhibit, figure ternary longevity excessive numerous plant extracts over several types concerning microorganisms examined and control[16]. These extracts show Felicitous stability antibacterial mission in struggle according to *E. coli* and *Serratia Marcescens* collectively including an inhibition zone used to be 14 mm. Yet, it had the harmful effect antibacterial undertaking among emulation according to *Serratia*; The study showed that the greater the induction period, after 48 hours, the effect of bacterial inhibition, The methanolic extract was more effective against (*Serratia*, *E. coli*) regarding superb consciousness (10,20,30 mg/l) (table 3).

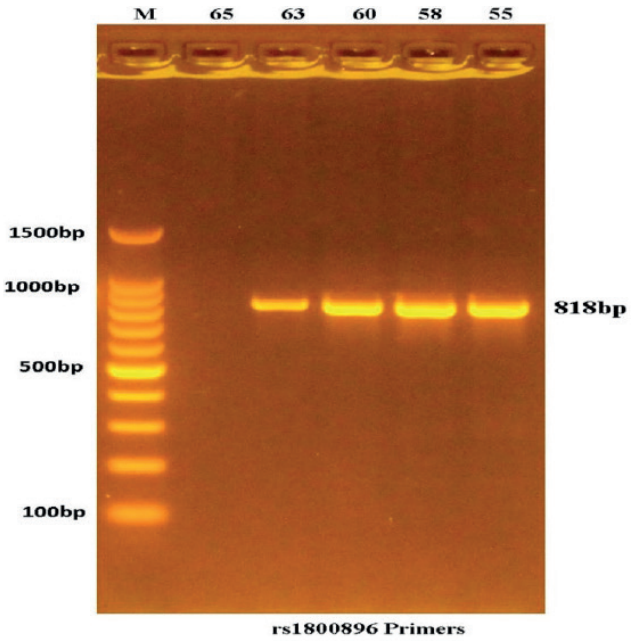

Figure 1. A- the effect of plant extract to inhibit biofilm Formation on Congo red.

Conclusions

Slight remained recognized nearly antimicrobial actions of the particular plant life in this revision. The effects displayed that elemental mines of the plants ensured decent action on the planktonic and sessile systems of the bacterial species examined. These effects bear implications for the growth then dissemination of biofilm clusters between these toughness isolates. These outcomes focus on using naturally occurring compounds of bury original as durability a potential power after barrier build regarding biofilm within pathogenic isolates.

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Conflicts of Interest

The authors declare no conflict of interest.

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Microbes	Control	10 mg/l	20mg/l	30mg/l	LSD value
E. coli(10 isolate)	0	7	9	13	2.88 *
Ecoli after 48hr	0	11	11	9	2.19 *
Serratia Marcescens (10 isolate),	0	11	12	12	2.04 *
Serratia Marcescens (48 hr)	0	14	13	14	3.52 *
Ecoli after 10 hr	0	0	6	10	3.08 *
Serratia Marcescens after 10hr	0	8	8	9	2.17 *
LSD value	--	3.61 *	3.09 *	3.73 *	---
*** (P<0.05).**					

Table 3. Antimicrobial Action of basic mines obtainable by inhibition zone diameter (mm).

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